medcom

Citizen-centric health data: "Getting people on board"

Making health data accessible and understandable for citizens in Denmark

2021 Thought Leader EHTEL Symposium

Michael Johansen, chiefconsultant standards & certification mjo@medcom.dk

Odense (DK), November 30., 2021



medcom

DNV-GL

Test & Certification

- Certification of all applications (incl. Apps) that use national standards
 - Standards for messaging designed for health care professionals (HCPs) since 1994

Advancing eHealth

Interoperability

Citizens were given access to the same data



- Semantic interoperability
 - Quality Management System (QMS)
 build upon European knowledge
 - Sharing and understanding are equally important



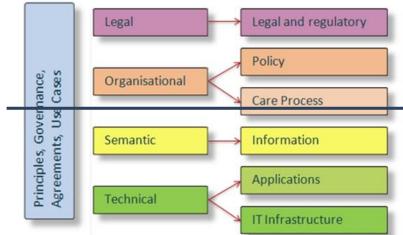


Figure 1: Refined eHealth European Interoperability Framework



Accessible

- Citizens' access to their health information through systems, portals and especially apps is growing. Having access to your own health information, however, does not automatically enable you to understand it and, hence, use it proactively.
- Citizens have different access points to the same health data, e.g laboratory report
 - National eHealth portal sundhed.dk (national repository for laboratory reports) for citizens and HCPs
 - MyHealth App
 - MyGP App to communicate with the family doctor/general practitioner (GP) (ordered by GP + analyzed by staff in primary care)
 - App access to hospitals healthrecord system (EHR) (ordered by hospital + analyzed at hospital laboratory)
- Different terminology and design confuse the citizens









Understandable

- Health and care systems need to take responsibility for this and ensure that a truly citizen-centric
 approach is incorporated in the applications it offers as part of delivering health and care services.
- Covid-19 became an enabler during the analysis period
 - Extensive test strategy (with PCR-test results sent to GP, and rapid-tests uploaded to the national repository).
 - Citizens should act upon "positive" test results in the national health portal sundhed.dk
- Challenges
 - Name of analysis
 - Result text content
 - "Negative" is a good result, and "Positive" is a bad result
 - What is difference between "Not detected" and "Negative"?



Analysis 2020

- MedCom has, in respect to its test and certification processes of health data exchange, conducted a
 research and stakeholder-based analysis for how the same data, e.g., a laboratory result, should be
 displayed differently for the citizens than for HCPs but uniformly across the different public health
 applications citizens use.
- How to ensure that citizens understand health data made by HCPs and at the same time maintain consistency in the dialog between HCP and citizen?
- How to harmonize multiple views for the citizen of the same data?
- Workgroup with all stake-holders (incl. patient associations)
 - International relevant research
 - More eyes on the same data identify errors
 - Choice between education to understand HCP terms or make different UI for citizens and HCPs





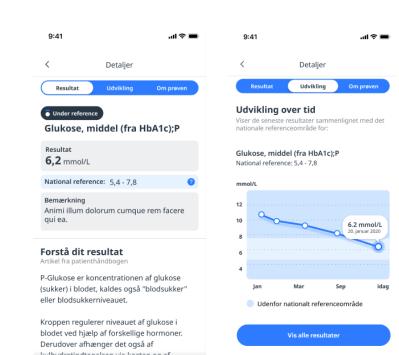
Analysis 2020 – Conclusions for citizens' view

- Reduced laboratory report, focus on avoiding misinterpretations
- Adaptive user interface (UI) allowed in Apps, with a fixed minimum content
 - Truncations allowed (but full text shall be accessible)
- Same terminology as for HCP
 - Guide to understanding the data (reference to medical handbook)
 - Medical handbook for HCP, for empowered patients, and for all citizens
- New indicators (arrow icons), since too high/low is misinterpreted as going up/down
 - Reference range for test result have different colors (red color trigger concern)
 - Same color is recommended.
 - Better icons or other kinds of indicators
- Different design acceptable, but recommended initial overview more similar (sort by sampling date, not analysis code)



Actions 2021

- The work has resulted in a truly citizen-centric 'design' of laboratory results, incl. Covid-19 test, which is being implemented in e.g., the MyGP app but also in other digital services.
- Changes to MyGP App (based on recommendations)
 - Development in progress
 - Evaluation in early 2022
 - Implementation in other applications/Apps
- Future perspectives
 - Personalised reference ranges for laboratory analysis
 - Chatbot assistance, e.g. with use of artificial intelligence (AI), to substitute general guides





Main points

- Need for further work with the citizens' needs
- Changes to the procedure in MedCom, how to make standards
- Broad stakeholder involvement
- Look ahead for new technology, but await the relevant usecase before implementation